

JORDAN

**Scorecard on
Gender-based violence**

Population

9,531,712



Female population 

47%

Male population 

53%



83.7%

Total urbanization

20.12%

Percentage of population aged 15-24

52.52%

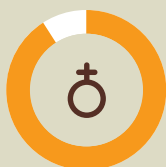
Percentage of female aged 15-49 including Syrian and other nationalities refugees

Literacy rate



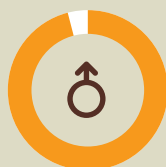
93.3%

Overall literacy rate



91.1%

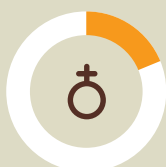
Female



95.4%

Male

Employment rate



21.7%

Female



71%

Male

Average age at marriage

24.6 Average age at first marriage

21.2 Female

25.5 Male

Maternal mortality rate

25 PER **100,000** live births
2015 figures

Representation in politics



Prevalence of child marriage

8% Prevalence among
girls 0 - 18 years old

Prevalence of domestic violence



Prevalence of rape and sexual violence



14%

Proportion of ever-partnered women aged 15-49 years experiencing intimate partner physical and/or sexual violence in the last 12 months



24%

Proportion of ever-partnered women aged 15-49 years experiencing intimate partner physical and/or sexual violence at least once in their lifetime

Prevalence of honor killings

Honor killings claim between **15** to **20** women's lives, on average, every year. They reached **30** cases in 2016.

- The Ministry of Health developed a GBV protocol and aligned it to the Jordanian new laws. A clinical management of rape protocol was also developed and integrated in the GBV protocol.
- The clinical management of rape (CMR) protocol is being developed, and finalized in January 2017, to be integrated in the GBV protocol.

Gender-based violence (GBV) response

Existing referral system

- The National Council for Family Affairs developed a National Protection Framework for Family Violence which includes all related organizations.

Legal instruments against GBV

Article 13, 8 and 6 of the constitution

Law against child marriage:

Personal Status Law

Law against domestic violence:

Family Protection Law

Law against rape:

Penal Code, Family protection law



UNFPA programmes against GBV

Capacity building

- Development of first draft of Ministry of Health (MOH) training manual for health service providers on domestic violence.
- Service providers' capacity was strengthened on GBV issues including SOPs, CMR, COC.
- Sensitizing humanitarian workers at all levels about the code of conduct and prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse.
- Provision of trainings to service providers working with refugees.
- Trainings on case management, community mobilization and caring for GBV survivors.

Services

- Development of service guides to raise awareness about availability of protection services in five governorates in Jordan.

Technical support

- In partnership with Un Ponte Per (UPP) and the Jordanian Women's Union (JWU), UNFPA is supporting, with two other UN agencies, Women and Girls Safe Spaces (WGSS), where women and girls can access a varied spectrum of activities and services.
- UNFPA is implementing a comprehensive GBV prevention and response programme in Jordan, in partnership with the Institute for Family Health (IFH), supporting women and girls' safe spaces in Zaatri camp, King Abdallah Park, Cyber City, and Amman.
- Development of GBV standard operating procedures and referral pathways.

Over **2,000** beneficiaries are reached weekly through GBV awareness campaigns by UNFPA.

170,000 GBV survivors over the last two years (Most of them are Syrian refugees about 75%) benefited from the GBV services.

Best practices supported by UNFPA

- Operationalization of safe spaces in the refugee camps as well as the host communities and linkages to reproductive health (RH) services.
- 65,000 beneficiaries accessed safe spaces to receive individual or group counseling, vocational activities, life-skills activities and awareness sessions.
- Facilities for young people and mainly young women.

Success stories

- Provision of comprehensive life-saving protection services to GBV survivors in one place, through the implementation of the Hemayati project (safe-spaces that combine GBV response and Reproductive Health services to survivors), in coordination with UN Women and UNICEF.